

If you've been letting your retirement account idle on the side of the road, it's time to take the wheel and get going. Here are four simple strategies to power up your plan:

1 Set a contribution goal

Even if you can't do it all at once, aim to increase your contribution level gradually over time. For example, you might consider raising your contribution rate by one percentage point a year until you hit your goal. It is also important to keep in mind that in 2025, the maximum annual elective salary deferral and designated Roth contribution under a 401(k), 403(b) or 457(b) plan has increased from \$23,000 to \$23,500.

2 Capture the match

Check to see whether your plan offers employer matching contributions (not all plans do). If it does, find out how much you need to contribute to take full advantage of the match. Matching contributions are like "free money" that can give your savings an extra boost.

3 Catch up

Many plans allow participants to make additional "catch-up" contributions to their plan accounts starting in the year they reach age 50. If your plan includes this feature, it can be a good opportunity to put more money aside for your retirement. For 2025, the catch-up limit will remain at \$7,500. However, under the new SECURE 2.0 Act, there may be an ability to contribute a maximum catch up limit of \$11,250 if you are attaining age 60-63 in 2025.

4 Stay invested

Your plan may let you borrow from your account during your working years or withdraw money if you experience a financial hardship. While it's nice to know the money is there if you need it. Remember that you're saving for retirement. If at all possible, avoid taking money out of your account for other reasons.

How do you compare?

Your retirement savings goal should be based on your personal financial situation and needs. Still, you may be interested in comparing the amount you have saved so far with the median retirement savings balance of other people in your age group. Here's a look at some relevant data:

Median 401(k)/IRA balances	
Age	Balance
35-44	\$50,000
45-54	\$119,000
55-64	\$204,000

Source: Federal Reserve, Survey of Consumer Finances, 2022



If you have questions about your workplace retirement plan, please contact your Human Resources department or your retirement plan provider's customer service center.

This content is for general informational and educational purposes only and should not be relied upon as the only source of information. It is not intended to represent advice or a recommendation of any kind, as it does not consider the specific investment objectives, financial situation and/or particular needs of any individual or client. | Neither USI nor its affiliates and/or employees/ agents/registered representatives offer legal or tax advice. Prior to acting on this information, we recommend that you seek independent advice specific to your situation from a qualified legal/tax professional.